

Instructions For Use

A00112-C-IFU-IVD

Rev. Date: May 7, 2013

Revision: 4

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P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

p40 (ΔNp63); Polyclonal (Concentrate)

Volume

Availability/Contents: <u>Item #</u>

A00112-C 1

Description:

Species: Rabbit

Immunogen: Amino acids 5-17 (ENNAQTQFSEPQY) of human p40 (p63 delta) were used as immunogen for

this antibody.

Clone: Polyclonal Isotype: Rabbit IgG Concentration: 100µg/ml

Format: This antibody is provided in a phosphate buffered saline containing 1% BSA. Specificity: The new marker p40 (p63 delta) is highly specific for squamous basal cells.

Background: The new marker p40 (p63 delta) is a marker recently determined to be highly specific for

squamous basal cells in the all important immunohistochemistry (IHC) application (1). The current more routinely recommended marker, p63, appears to have less specificity compared to p40 (p63 delta), especially on squamous cell tumors. The ability to differentiate between lung adenocarcinoma vs squamous cell carcinoma is difficult and has bearing on the different therapeutic avenues for each subtype treatment (1-3). p63 antibody's ability to distinguish between the tumor types appears to be inferior when compared to p40 (p63 delta). The ability to utilize an antibody probe for p40 (p63 delta)as a squamous cell marker bolsters its use for future subclassification of lung cancers, especially by immunohistochemical techniques.

Species Reactivity: Human.

Positive Control: Lung squamous cell carcinoma.

Cellular Localization: Nuclear.

Titer/Working Dilution: Immunohistochemistry: 1:50 – 1:100

Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.

Uses/Limitations: Not to be taken internally.

For In Vitro Diagnostic Use.

This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy.

Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date. Use caution when handling reagents.

Non-Sterile.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com

CE IVD

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Storage: 2° C



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Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Highly Recommended):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScvTek catalog# CPL500).
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature.
 However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

Precautions:

Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

Do not pipette by mouth.

Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.

This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200,

OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

References:

- Bishop, JA, J Teruya-Feldstein, WH Westra1, G Pelosi, WD Travis and N Rekhtman 2012 p40 (ΔNp63) is superior to p63 for the diagnosis of pulmonary squamous cellcarcinoma. Modern Pathology 25: 405–415
- 2. Scagliotti G, T Brodowicz, FA Shepherd et al 2011 Treatment-by-histology interaction analyses in three phase III trials show superiority of pemetrexed in nonsquamous non-smallcell lung cancer. J Thorac Oncol 6:64–70.
- 3. Kargi A, D Gurel , B Tuna 2007 The diagnostic value of TTF-1, CK 5/6, and p63 immunostaining in classification of lung carcinomas. Appl Immunohistochem Mol Morphol 15:415–420.
- 4. Chilosi M, A Zamo, A Brighenti A, et al Constitutive expression of DeltaN-p63alpha isoform in human thymus and thymic epithelial tumours. Virchows Arch 2003;443:175–183.

Warranty:

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