

Instructions For Use

RA0005-C.5-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Sept. 18, 2014

Revision: 1

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P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

Placental Alkaline Phosphatase (PLAP) (Germ Cell Tumor Marker); Clone ALP/870 (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents: Item #_RA0005-C.5 Volume 0.5 ml

Description:

Species: Mouse

Immunogen: Recombinant human PLAP protein

Clone: ALP/870
Isotype: IgG2b, kappa
Entrez Gene ID: 250 (Human)
Hu Chromosome Loc.: 2q37.1

Synonyms: Alkaline phosphatase placental type; Alkaline phosphatase Regan Isozyme; ALP; Alp1; ALPP;

Germ-cell alkaline phosphatase; nagao Isozyme; PALP; Placental alkaline phosphatase 1;

placental heat-stable alkaline phosphatase; PLAP-1; PLAP1

Mol. Weight of Antigen: 70kDa

Format: 200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS

with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.

Specificity: Reacts with a 70kDa membrane-bound isozyme (Regan and Nagao type) of Placental Alkaline

Phosphatase (PLAP) occurring in the placenta during the 3rd trimester of gestation. It is highly specific for PLAP and shows no cross-reaction with other isozymes of alkaline phosphatase.

Background: Anti-PLAP reacts with germ cell tumors and can discriminate between these and other

neoplasms. Somatic neoplasms e.g. breast, gastrointestinal, prostatic, and urinary cancers may also immunoreact with antibodies to PLAP. Anti-PLAP positivity in conjunction with anti-keratin negativity favors seminoma over carcinoma. Germ cell tumors are usually anti-keratin positive, but they regularly fail to stain with anti-EMA, whereas most carcinomas stain with anti-EMA.

Anti-PLAP has been useful in the diagnosis of gestational trophoblastic disease.

Species Reactivity: Human. Others not known.

Positive Control: HepG2 cells. Placenta or seminoma.

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic and cell surface

Titer/ Working Dilution: Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 1-2µg/ml

Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1µg/million cells

 $\label{eq:munofluorescence:} Immunofluorescence: 0.5-1 \mu g/ml \\ Western Blotting: 0.5-1 \mu g/ml \\$

Immunoprecipitation: 0.5-1µg/500µg protein lysate

Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.

Storage: 2° C - 8° C

ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A.

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Uses/Limitations: Not to be taken internally.

For Research Use Only.

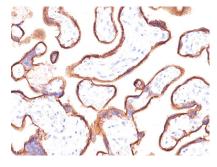
This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded

tissue sections, to be viewed by light

microscopy.

Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date.

Non-Sterile.



Formalin-paraffin human placenta stained with PLAP; Clone ALP/870.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com

Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Highly Recommended):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature.
 However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

Precautions:

Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

Do not pipette by mouth.

Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.

This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200,

OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

References:

1. Wick, MR, et al. 1987; Hum Pathol. 18(9):946-54.

Warranty:

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Storage: 2° C

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