

Instructions For Use

RA0025-C.5-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Feb. 13, 2015

Revision: 2

Page 1 of 2

P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

Complement 4d (C4d) (Acute Humoral Rejection Marker); Clone C4D204 (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents: <u>Item #</u> <u>Volume</u>
RA0025-C.5 <u>Volume</u>
0.5 ml

Description:

Species: Mouse

Immunogen: Recombinant human Complement 4d protein

Clone: C4D204
Isotype: IgG1, kappa
Entrez Gene ID: 720 & 721 (Human)

Hu Chromosome Loc.: 6p21.3

Synonyms: Acidic Complement C4; Basic C4; C4; C4-1; C4a Anaphylatoxin; C4A; C4A2; C4A3; C4A4;

C4A6; C4b; C4B1; C4B12; C4d fragment; C4F; C4S; Complement C4 Gamma Chain;

Complement Component 4A; Complement Component 4B

Mol. Weight of Antigen: 192kDa (predicted)

Format: 200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS

with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.

Specificity: This MAb is specific to Complement 4d (C4d) and it reacts with the secreted as well as cell-

bound C4d.

Background: C4d is a degradation product of the activated complement factor C4b. Complement 4b is

typically activated by binding of Abs to specific target molecules. Following activation and degradation of the C4 molecule, thio-ester groups are exposed, which allow transient, covalent binding of the degradation product Complement 4d to endothelial cell surfaces and extracellular matrix components of vascular basement membranes near the sites of C4 activation. The presence of C4d in peritubular capillaries is a key indicator for acute humoral (i.e. antibody-mediated) rejection of kidney, heart, pancreas and lung allografts. As an established marker of antibody-mediated acute renal allograft rejection and its proclivity for endothelium, this

component can be detected in peritubular capillaries in chronic renal allograft rejection as well as hyperacute rejection, acute vascular rejection, acute cellular rejection, and borderline rejection. It has been shown to be a significant predictor of transplant kidney graft survival. Anti-C4d, combined with anti-C3d, can be utilized as a tool for diagnosis of allograft rejection that

may warrant a prompt and aggressive anti-rejection treatment.

Species Reactivity: Human. Others not known.

Positive Control: Rejected Renal Transplant Tissue

Cellular Localization: Intracytoplasmic vacuoles of endothelial cells and Secreted

Titer/ Working Dilution: Immunohistology (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 1:200-1:400

Immunofluorescence: 1:50-1:100

Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.

Storage: 2° C 8° C

ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A.

CE

EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands



Instructions For Use RA0025-C.5-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Feb. 13, 2015

Revision: 2

Page 2 of 2

P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

Uses/Limitations: Not to be taken internally.

For Research Use Only.

This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded

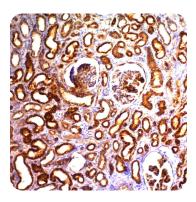
tissue sections, to be viewed by light

microscopy.

Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date.

Non-Sterile.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human transplant rejected kidney (10X) stained with C4d; Clone C4D204.

Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with EDTA Buffer (10X) HIER Solution (pH 8.0) (ScyTek catalog# ETA).
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature.
 However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

Precautions: Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

Do not pipette by mouth.

Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.

This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200,

OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

References:

- 1. Collins AB et. al. J Am Soc Nephrol. 1999;10(10):2208-14.
- 2. Racusen LC et. al. Am J Transplant. 2003;3(6):708-14.
- 3. Sacks SH et. al. Curr Opin Nephrol Hypertens. 2002;11(6):627-8.

Warranty:

No products or "Instructions For Use (IFU)" are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.

Storage: 2° C

ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A. CE

EC REP EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands