

Instructions For Use RA0043-C.5-IFU-RUO

Revision: 1

Rev. Date: Sept. 29, 2014

Page 1 of 2

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CD8A (Cytotoxic & Suppressor T-Cell Marker); Clone C8/468 & C8/144B (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents:	<u>Item #</u> RA0043-C.5	<u>Volume</u> 0.5 ml
Description:		
Species:	Mouse	
Immunogen:	Human CD8 recombinant protein (C8/468); A 13 amino acid synthetic peptide from the C- terminal cytoplasmic domain of alpha chain of human CD8 molecule (C8/144B)	
Clone:	C8/468 & C8/144B	
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa (C8/468); IgG1, kappa (C8/144B)	
Entrez Gene ID:	925 (Human)	
Hu Chromosome Loc.:	2p11.2	
Synonyms:	CD8 antigen, alpha polypeptide (p32), T8/Leu-2 T-lymphocyte differentiation antigen, Ly3, LYT3, MAL, T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain	
Mol. Weight of Antigen:	32kDa	
Format:	200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.	
Specificity:	CD8 is a 68 kDa transmembrane glycoprotein expressed as a heterodimer by a majority of thymocytes, and by major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class I restricted, mature, suppressor/cytotoxic T-cells.	
Background:	CD8 is a cell surface receptor expressed either as a heterodimer with the CD8 beta chain (CD8 alpha/beta) or as a homodimer (CD8 alpha/alpha). A majority of thymocytes and a subpopulation of mature T-cells and NK cells express CD8a. CD8 binds to MHC class I and through its association with protein tyrosine kinase p56lck plays a role in T-cell development and activation of mature T-cells. For mature T-cells, CD4 and CD8 are mutually exclusive, so anti-CD8 is generally used in conjunction with anti-CD4. It is a useful marker for distinguishing helper/inducer T-lymphocytes, and most peripheral T-cell lymphomas are CD4+/CD8 Anaplastic large cell lymphoma is usually CD4+ and CD8-, and in T-lymphoblastic lymphoma/leukemia, CD4 and CD8 are often co-expressed. CD8 is also found in littoral cell angioma of the spleen.	
Species Reactivity:	Human. Others not known.	
Positive Control:	HuT78 or hPBL. Tonsil.	
Cellular Localization:	Cell surface	
Titer/ Working Dilution:	Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 0.5-1 µg/ml	
	Flow Cytometry:	0.5-1 μg/million cells
	Immunofluorescence:	0.5-1 μg/ml
	Western Blotting:	0.5-1 μg/ml
	Immunoprecipitation:	0.5-1 μg/500μg protein lysate
Microbiological State:	This product is not sterile	
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Storage: 2° C





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EC REP EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands

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Instructions For Use RA0043-C.5-IFU-RUO

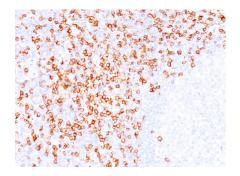
Rev. Date: Sept. 29, 2014

Revision: 1 Page 2 of 2

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Uses/Limitations:

Not to be taken internally. For Research Use Only. This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy. Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date. Non-Sterile.



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human tonsil (20X) stained with CD8 MAb (C8/468 & C8/144B).

Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- 2. **Primary Antibody Incubation Time:** We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

 Precautions:
 Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

 Do not pipette by mouth.
 Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

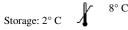
 Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.
 This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

References:

1. Mason DY, et. al. Journal of Clinical Pathology, 1992, 45(12):1084-8.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com

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