

Instruct	ions For Use		
RA0080-C.5-IFU-RUO			
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p57^{Kip2} (Mitotic Inhibitor/Suppressor Protein); Clone KP10 (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents:	Item # Volume RA0080-C.5 0.5 ml	
Description:	RA0080-C.5 0.5 ml	
Species: Immunogen: Clone: Isotype: Entrez Gene ID: Hu Chromosome Loc.: Synonyms: Mol. Weight of Antigen: Format:	Mouse Recombinant human p57Kip2 protein KP10 IgG2b, kappa 1028 (Human); 12577 (Mouse) 11p15.5 Beckwith Wiedemann syndrome (WBS); BWCR; Cyclin dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (CDKN1C); Cyclin dependent kinase inhibitor p57; KIP2; p57; p57Kip2 57kDa 200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS	
Specificity: Background:	with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Recognizes a protein of 57kDa, identified as p57 ^{Kip2} . It shows no cross-reaction with p27 ^{Kip1} . p57 ^{Kip2} is a potent tight-binding inhibitor of several G1 cyclin complexes, and is a negative regulator of cell proliferation. Anti-p57 has been used as an aide in identification of complete hydatidiform mole (CHM) (no nuclear labeling of cytotrophoblasts and stromal cells) from partial hydatidiform mole (PHM) in which both cytotrophoblasts and stromal cells stain. The histological differentiation of complete mole, partial mole, and hydropic spontaneous abortion is problematic. Most complete hydatidiform moles are diploid, whereas most partial moles are triploid. Ploidy studies will identify partial moles, but will not differentiate complete moles from non-molar gestations. Complete moles carry a high risk of persistent disease and choriocarcinoma, while partial moles have a very low risk. In normal placenta, many cytotrophoblast nuclei and stromal cells are labeled with this antibody. Similar findings apply to PHM and hydropic abortus tissues. Intervillous trophoblastic islands (IVTIs) demonstrate nuclear labeling in all three entities and serve as an internal control.	
Species Reactivity: Positive Control: Cellular Localization: Titer/ Working Dilution:	Human and Mouse. Others not known.LS174T, Raji, HT29, SK-BR3 cells. Colon carcinomas.NuclearImmunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed):0.5-1 μg/million cellsImmunofluorescence:0.5-1 μg/milWestern Blotting:0.5-1 μg/milImmunoprecipitation:0.5-1 μg/500μg protein lysate	
Microbiological State:	This product is not sterile.	

Storage: 2° C



ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A.

CE

Ec REP EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands

Doc: IFU-Template2-8rev2



Instructions For Use RA0080-C.5-IFU-RUO

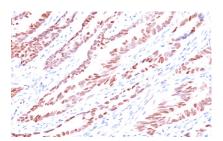
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Uses/Limitations:

Not to be taken internally. For Research Use Only. This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy. Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date. Non-Sterile.



Formalin-paraffin human colon carcinoma stained with p57^{Kip2}; Clone KP10.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com

Procedure:

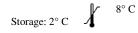
- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- 2. **Primary Antibody Incubation Time:** We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).
- Precautions:
 Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

 Do not pipette by mouth.
 Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

 Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.
 This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

References:

- 1. Lee, M.-H., et al. 1995. Cloning of p57, a cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor with unique domain structure and tissue distribution. Genes Dev. 9: 639-649.
- Warranty: No products or "Instructions For Use (IFU)" are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.





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