

Instructions For Use

RA0192-C.5-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Nov. 5, 2014

Revision: 1

Page 1 of 2

P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

Cytokeratin 19 (KRT19) (Pancreatic Stem Cell Marker); Clone A53-B/A2.26 & BA17 (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents: Item #_RA0192-C.5 Volume 0.5 ml

Description:

Species: Mouse

Immunogen: Human breast cancer MCF-7 cells (A53-B/A2); Human mammary epithelial organoids (BA17)

Clone: A53-B/A2.26 & BA17

Isotype: IgG2a, kappa (A53-B/A2); IgG1, kappa (BA17)

Entrez Gene ID: 3880 (Human) Hu Chromosome Loc.: 17g21.2

Synonyms: k19; k1cs; Keratin 19 Keratin Type i 40kD; krt19

Mol. Weight of Antigen: 40kDa

Format: 200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 1mM PBS

with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.

Specificity: This antibody reacts with the rod domain of human cytokeratin-19 (CK19), a polypeptide of

40kDa.

Background: CK19 is expressed in sweat gland, mammary gland ductal and secretory cells, bile ducts,

gastrointestinal tract, bladder urothelium, oral epithelia, esophagus, and ectocervical epithelium. Anti-CK19 reacts with a wide variety of epithelial malignancies including adenocarcinomas of

the colon, stomach, pancreas, biliary tract, liver, and breast. Perhaps the most useful

application is the identification of thyroid carcinoma of the papillary type, although 50%-60% of follicular carcinomas are also labeled. Anti-CK19 is a useful marker for detection of tumor cells

in lymph nodes, peripheral blood, bone marrow and breast cancer.

Species Reactivity: Human and Mouse. Others not known.

Positive Control: MCF-7, HeLa, Hep-G2 cells, breast cancer.

Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Titer/ Working Dilution: Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 0.5-1 μg/ml

Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1 µg/million cells

Immunofluorescence: 1-2 μg/ml Western Blotting: 0.5-1 μg/ml

Immunoprecipitation: 1-2 μg/500μg protein lysate

Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.

Storage: 2° C 8° C

ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A.

CE

EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands



Instructions For Use RA0192-C.5-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Nov. 5, 2014

Revision: 1

Page 2 of 2

P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

Uses/Limitations: Not to be taken internally.

For Research Use Only.

This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded

tissue sections, to be viewed by light

microscopy.

Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date.

Non-Sterile.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded colon carcinoma stained with Cytokeratin 19; Clone A53-B/A2.26 & BA17.

Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature.
 However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

Precautions: Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

Do not pipette by mouth.

Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.

This product contains no hazardous material at a <u>reportable concentration</u> according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200,

OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

References:

- 1. Bartek J et. al. Histochemical Journal, 1990, 22(10):537-44.
- 2. Morton JP et. al. Am J Pathol 172:1081-7 (2008).
- 3. Olofsson MH et. al. Clin Cancer Res 13:3198-206 (2007).

Warranty:

No products or "Instructions For Use (IFU)" are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.

Storage: 2° C

ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A. CE

EC REP EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands