



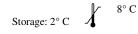
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MUC5AC (Mucin 5AC / Gastric Mucin); Clone CLH2 (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents:	<u>ltem #</u> RA0222-C.5	<u>Volume</u> 0.5 ml
Description:	170222-0.5	0.5 m
Species:	Mouse	
Immunogen:	A synthetic peptide of human MUC5AC tandem repeat.	
Clone:	CLH2	
Isotype:	lgG1, kappa	
Entrez Gene ID:	4586 (Human); 17833 (Mouse); 682837 (Rat)	
Hu Chromosome Loc.:	11p15.5	
Synonyms:	Apomucin Major Airway Glycoprotein; Mucin 5 subtype AC tracheobronchial; Mucin 5 Subtypes A and C; Mucin 5AC oligomeric mucus/gel forming; Tracheobronchial Mucin (TBM).	
Mol. Weight of Antigen:	>1,000kDa	
Format:	200μ g/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.	
Specificity:	Together with a panel of antibodies, anti-MUC5AC may be useful for differential identification of primary mucinous ovarian tumors from colon adenocarcinoma metastatic to the ovary. MUC5AC antibodies may also be useful for identification of intestinal metaplasia as well as in the identification of pancreatic carcinoma and pre-cancerous changes vs. normal pancreas.	
Background:	Mucin 5AC glycoprotein (MUC5AC) is a 641kDa glycoprotein belonging to the superfamily of mucins. Mucins are high molecular weight glycoproteins produced by epithelial cells and can be divided into two families: secretory mucins and membrane bound mucins. MUC5AC is a mucus-forming secreted mucin that is found in normal gastric and tracheobronchial mucosa, but is absent from normal colon. MUC5AC expression is present in primary ovarian mucinous cancer, but is usually absent in colorectal adenocarcinoma, thus showing an expression pattern opposite to MUC2.	
Species Reactivity:	Human. Others not known.	
Positive Control:	Stomach	
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic	
Titer/ Working Dilution:	Immunohistochemistry (Fi Flow Cytometry: Immunofluorescence: Western Blotting: Immunoprecipitation:	rozen and Formalin-fixed): 0.5-1 μg/ml 0.5-1μg/million cells 1-2 μg/ml 0.5-1μg/ml 1-2 μg/500μg protein lysate
Microbiological State:	This product is not sterile.	







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Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com

Instructions For Use RA0222-C.5-IFU-RUO

Revision: 1

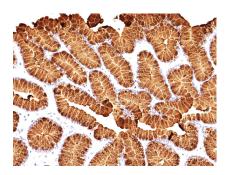
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Uses/Limitations:

Not to be taken internally. For Research Use Only. This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy. Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date. Non-Sterile.



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human stomach stained with MUC5AC; Clone CLH2.

Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

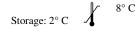
 Precautions:
 Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

 Do not pipette by mouth.
 Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

 Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.
 This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

References:

- 1. Reis CA, David L, Nielsen PA, Clausen H, Mirgorodskaya K, Roepstorff P, et al. Immunohistochemical study of MUC5AC expression in human gastric carcinomas using a novel monoclonal antibody. Int J Cancer 1997;74:112-21.
- Warranty: No products or "Instructions For Use (IFU)" are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.







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