

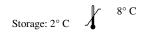
Rev. Date: Dec. 12, 2014

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# TTF-1 / NKX2.1 (Thyroid & Lung Epithelial Marker); Clone 8G7G3/1 & NX2.1/690 (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents:	Item # Volume RA0313-C.5 0.5 ml
Description:	RA0313-0.5 0.5 mi
Species: Immunogen: Clone: Isotype: Entrez Gene ID: Hu Chromosome Loc.: Synonyms:	Mouse Recombinant full length Rat TTF-1 protein (8G7G3/1); Recombinant TTF-1 protein (NX2.1/690) 8G7G3/1 & NX2.1/690 IgG1, kappa (8G7G3/1 & NX2.1/690) 7080 (Human); 21869 (Mouse); 25628 (Rat) 14q13.3 BCH, Benign chorea, BHC, Homeobox protein Nkx2.1, NK2 homeobox 1, NKX2.1, NKX2A, TEBP, Thyroid nuclear factor-1, Thyroid specific enhancer binding protein, Thyroid transcription factor-1 (TTF-1), Tin man, TITF1, TTF-1
Mol. Weight of Antigen: Format: Specificity: Background:	<ul> <li>40kDa</li> <li>200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA &amp; 0.05% azide.</li> <li>Recognizes a protein of 40kDa, identified as thyroid transcription factor 1 (TTF-1).</li> <li>TTF-1 is a member of the NKx2 family of homeodomain transcription factors. It is expressed in epithelial cells of the thyroid gland and the lung. Nuclei from liver, stomach, pancreas, small intestine, colon, kidney, breast, skin, testes, pituitary, prostate, and adrenal glands are unreactive. Anti-TTF-1 is useful in differentiating primary adenocarcinoma of the lung from</li> </ul>
Species Reactivity: Positive Control: Cellular Localization: Titer/ Working Dilution:	<ul> <li>metastatic carcinomas originating in the breast, mediastinal germ cell tumors, and malignant mesothelioma. It can also be used to differentiate small cell lung carcinoma from lymphoid infiltrates. Loss of TTF-1 expression in non-small cell lung carcinoma has been associated with aggressive behavior of such neoplasms. TTF-1 reactivity is also seen in thyroid malignancies.</li> <li>Human, Mouse, and Rat. Others not known.</li> <li>MAD109, MLE-15, H441-4, or H345 cells. Normal thyroid or lung.</li> <li>Nuclear</li> <li>Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 0.5-1 µg/ml</li> <li>Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1 µg/million cells</li> <li>Immunofluorescence: 0.5-1 µg/ml</li> <li>Western Blotting: 0.5-1 µg/ml</li> <li>Immunoprecipitation: 1-2 µg/500µg protein lysate</li> </ul>
Microbiological State:	This product is not sterile.





### CE

Ec REP EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands

Doc: IFU-Template2-8rev2



# Instructions For Use RA0313-C.5-IFU-RUO

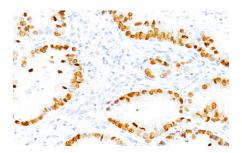
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**Uses/Limitations:** 

Not to be taken internally. For Research Use Only. This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy. Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date. Non-Sterile.



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded lung adenocarcinoma (20X) stained with TTF-1; Clone 8G7G3/1 & NX2.1/690.

#### **Procedure:**

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

 Precautions:
 Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

 Do not pipette by mouth.
 Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

 Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.
 This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

#### **References:**

- 1. Holzinger A, et. al. Hybridoma, 1996, 15:49-53.
- 2. Saiardi, A., et al. 1995. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1261: 307-310.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com

3. Ikeda, K., et al. 1995. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 8108-8114.

Warranty: No products or "Instructions For Use (IFU)" are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.

8° C Storage: 2° C



ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A.



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