

SUMO-1; Clone SM1/495


(Concentrate)

Availability/Contents:	<u>Item #</u>	<u>Volume</u>
	RA0332-C.5	0.5 ml

Description:

Species:	Mouse
Immunogen:	Recombinant human SUMO1 protein
Clone:	SM1/495
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa
Entrez Gene ID:	7341 (Human)
Hu Chromosome Loc.:	2q33.1
Synonyms:	GAP-modifying protein 1; GMP1; OFC10; PIC1; SENP2; Sentrin 1; Small ubiquitin-related modifier 1; SMT3; SMT3 suppressor of mif two 3 homolog 1; SMT3C; SMT3H3; Ubiquitin homology domain protein PIC1; Ubiquitin Like 1; Ubiquitin like protein UBL1.
Mol. Weight of Antigen:	11.5kDa (Monomer); 90kDa (Heteromer)
Format:	200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.
Specificity:	This antibody is specific to SUMO-1 and shows no cross-reaction with either SUMO-2 or SUMO-3.
Background:	The small ubiquitin-related modifier (SUMO) proteins, which include SUMO-1, SUMO-2 and SUMO-3, belong to the ubiquitin-like protein family. Like ubiquitin, the SUMO proteins are synthesized as precursor proteins that undergo processing before conjugation to target proteins. Also, both utilize the E1, E2, and E3 cascade enzymes for conjugation. However, SUMO and ubiquitin differ with respect to targeting. Ubiquitination predominantly targets proteins for degradation, whereas sumoylation targets proteins to a variety of cellular processing including nuclear transport, transcriptional regulation, apoptosis, and protein stability. The unconjugated SUMO-1 protein localizes to the nuclear membrane.
Species Reactivity:	Human. Shows broad species reactivity.
Positive Control:	Breast carcinoma.
Cellular Localization:	Predominantly nuclear with some cytoplasmic.
Titer/ Working Dilution:	Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 0.5-1 µg/ml
	Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1 µg/million cells
	Immunofluorescence: 0.5-1 µg/ml
	Western Blotting: 0.5-1 µg/ml
	Immunoprecipitation: 0.5-1 µg/500µg protein lysate
Microbiological State:	This product is not sterile.

Storage: 2° C  8° C

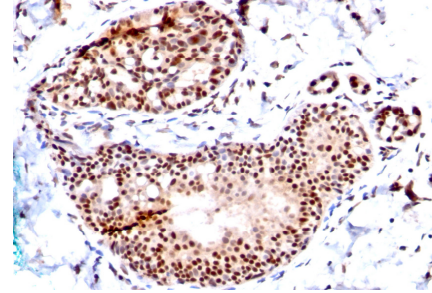


ScyTek Laboratories, Inc.
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 EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570
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Uses/Limitations: Not to be taken internally.
 For Research Use Only.
 This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy.
 Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy.
 Do not use past expiration date.
 Non-Sterile.



Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com

Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma stained with SUMO-1; Clone SM1/495.

Procedure:

1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
2. **Primary Antibody Incubation Time:** We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the “UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack” (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the “DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)” (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).


Precautions:

Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).
 Do not pipette by mouth.
 Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.
 Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.
 This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

Warranty:


No products or “Instructions For Use (IFU)” are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.

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