

**Revision: 1** 

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Rev. Date: June, 21st, 2017

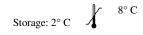
P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

# Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 ; Clone SPM506 (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents:	Item #	Volume
-	RA0489-C.1	0.1 ml
	RA0489-C.5	0.5 ml
	RA0489-C1	1 ml
Description:		

### Des

Species:	Mouse	
Immunogen:	Human colon carcinoma extract	
Clone:	SPM506	
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa	
Entrez Gene ID:	1048; 634	
Hu Chromosome Loc.:	19q13.1-19q13.2	
Synonyms:	Carcinoembryonic Antigen-related Cell Adhesion Molecule 5, CEACAM5, CD66, Biliary Glycoprotein (BGP-1)	
Mol. Weight of Antigen:	80-200kDa	
Format:	200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.	
Specificity:	This antibody recognizes proteins of 80-200kDa, identified as different members of the CEA family. This MAb does not react with nonspecific cross-reacting antigen (NCA) and with human polymorphonuclear leucocytes. It shows no reaction with a variety of normal tissues and is suitable for staining of formalin/paraffin tissues.	
Background:	CEA is synthesized during development in the fetal gut and is re-expressed in increased amounts in intestinal carcinomas and several other tumors. CEA is not found in benign glands, stroma, or malignant prostatic cells. Antibody to CEA is useful in detecting early foci of gastric carcinoma and in distinguishing pulmonary adenocarcinomas (60-70% are CEA+) from pleural mesotheliomas (rarely or weakly CEA+). Anti-CEA positivity is seen in adenocarcinomas from the lung, colon, stomach, esophagus, pancreas, gallbadder, urachus, salivary gland, ovary, and endocervix.	
Species Reactivity:	Human and Monkey. Others not known.	
Positive Control:	MCF7 or 293T cells. Colon carcinoma.	
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic and luminal surface.	
Titer/ Working Dilution:	Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 0.25-0.5 µg/ml	
	Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1 μg/million cells	
	Immunofluorescence: 1-2 µg/ml	
Microbiological State:	This product is not sterile.	





CE

EC REP Emergo Europe Prinsessegracht 20 2514 AP The Hague, The Netherlands

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## Instructions For Use RA0489-C-IFU-RUO

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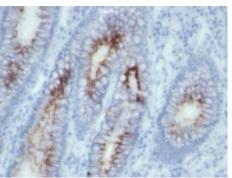
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**Uses/Limitations:** 

Not to be taken internally. For Research Use Only. This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffinembedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy. Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date. Non-Sterile.

#### Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com



Formalin-fixed, paraffin embedded human Colon Carcinoma stained with CEA; Clone SPM506

#### Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Tris-EDTA HIER Solution (10x) pH 9.0 (ScyTek catalog# TES500).
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "CRF Anti-Polyvalent HRP Polymer (DAB) Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# CPP125, see IFU for instructions).

 Precautions:
 Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

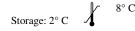
 Do not pipette by mouth.
 Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

 Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.
 This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

#### **References:**

- 1. Muraro R, et. al. Cancer Research, 1985, 45:5769-80.
- 2. Siler K, et. al. Biotechnology Therapeutics, 1993, 4(3-4):163-81.
- 3. Robbins PF, et. al. International Journal of Cancer, 1993, 53(6):892-7.

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