



Revision: 1

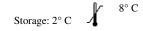
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MART-1(Clones M2-7C10 & M2-9E3) (Ready-To-Use)

Availability/Contents:		Item #	Volume	
	-	A00133-0002	2 ml	
		A00133-0007	7 ml	
Descrip	tion	A00133-0025	25ml	
Descrip				
	Species:	Mouse		
	Immunogen:	Recombinant human MART-1 protein was used as immunogen to generate the MART-1 antibody.		
	Clones:	M2-7C10 & M2-9E3		
	Isotype:	Mouse IgG2b, kappa	se IgG2b, kappa antibody is provided in a phosphate buffer saline containing 1% BSA.	
	Format:	This antibody is provided i		
	Specificity:	MART-1 has been shown to be a very specific marker for melanomas.		
	Background:	MART-1 (Melanoma Antigen Recognize by T cells 1), also known as Melan-A, is expressed in melanosomes and the endoplasmic reticulum. MART-1 is the most commonly used marker for identifying malignant melanoma thus facilitating complete removal of the primary tumor. In this regard, MART-1 is used both as a confirmatory marker for melanocyte differentiation in S100 (protein present in melanocytes) positive lesions and a primary marker to evaluate the extent of melanocyte tumors. MART-1 specific monoclonal antibodies have high sensitivity (75-92%) and specificity (95-100%) for melanoma. The clone M2-7C10 MART-1 antibody labels melanomas and other tumors showing melanocyte differentiation, and is widely used for assessing melanomas. Analysis of melanoma lesions with this antibody shows that there is significant heterogeneity of expression of MART-1 both as a percentage of cells and in intensity of expression. The reactivity of the MART-1 antibody labeled some mesenchymal tumors and sarcomas. MART-1 epitope recognized by antibody to clone M2-9E3 appears to be different from that recognized by the MART-1 antibody clone M2-7C10. Researchers often use more than one antibody against a given specificity to help follow up and validate results. Hence, it may be useful to use both antibodies in combination in the differential diagnosis of melanocytic tumors.		
	Species Reactivity: Positive Control: Cellular Localization: Titer/ Working Dilution: Microbiological State:	Human. Human Melanoma. Cell Membrane/Membrane No further dilution is requin This product is not sterile.		







EC REP EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands



Instructions For Use A00133-IFU-RUO

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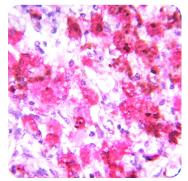
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Uses/Limitations:

Not to be taken internally. For Research Use Only. This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy. Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date. Use caution when handling reagents. Non-Sterile.



Ordering Information and Current Pricing at <u>www.scytek.com</u>

Human Melanoma stained using UltraTek Alk-Phos and Permanent Red Chromogen.

Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Highly Recommended):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- 2. **Primary Antibody Incubation Time:** We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

 Precautions:
 Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

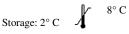
 Do not pipette by mouth.
 Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

 Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.
 This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

References:

- 1. Marincola FM etal. 19:192-205 J Immunother 19:192-205 (1996).
- 2. Kawakami Y etal. J Immunol Methods 202:13-25 (1997).
- 3. Campoli etal. Mohs Micrographic Surgery for the Treatment of Cutaneous Melanoma. In: Mohs Micrographic Surgery. Nouri K (Editor) 211-223 (2012).
- 4. Ohsie et al. Tissue-Based Protein Biomarkers in Melanoma: Immunohistochemistry: (A) Diagnosis. In Diagnostic and Prognostic Biomarkers and Therapeutic Targets in Melanoma Current Clinical Pathology, Murphy MJ (Editor).159-176 (2012), 159-176.
- 5. Collins etal. J Cutan Pathol 39:637-643 (2012).
- 6. Hoashi etal. JBC 380:14006-14016 (2005).
- 7. Mihic-Probst etal. PLoSONE PLoS ONE 7: e33571 (2012).

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