

Anti-TIGIT / DIA-TG1 Mouse monoclonal anti-T cell marker (Immune checkpoint protein) Clone TG1

Product Information

Catalog No.:	DIA-TG1 (200μg) DIA-TG1-M (40μg)	Reconstitution:	DIA-TG1 (200µg), restore to 500 µl DIA-TG1-M (40µg), restore to 100 µl
Clone:	TG1		Reconstitute with sterile distilled water by gentle shaking for 10 minutes
Concentration:	0.4 mg/ml	Presentation:	In PBS with 2% BSA, 0.05% NaN3,
Isotype:	Mouse IgG1/k	Presentation:	pH 7.4. Antibody purified from culture
Specificity:	TIGIT		supernatant
Immunogen:	Recombinant peptide from extracellular domain of human TIGIT	Applications:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC), standard formalin-fixed paraffin sec
Physical State:	Lyophilized powder	Dilutions:	1:50 - 1:150 IHC-P
Species			(General recommendation, validation of anti-
Reactivity:	Human		body performance/protocol is the responsibility of the end user. Positive/negative controls
Positive			should be run simultaneously with patient
Control:	Tonsil		specimen. Interpretation must be made by a
Visualization:	Membranous		qualified pathologist within the context of pa- tient's clinical history/other diagnostic tests.)

Reactivity

Clone TG1 is the first monoclonal antibody detecting TIGIT in routine formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue specimen. It has been validated for the identification of TIGIT positive T-cells infiltrating human tumors in order to allow the detection of TIGIT in the tumor microenvironment under pathological conditions.

TIGIT (T-cell immunoreceptor with Ig and ITIM domains) is a member of the poliovirus receptor (PVR) family and acts as an immune checkpoint protein expressed on subsets of T lymphocytes. The expression of TIGIT has been reported on NK cells, regulatory T cells, follicular T helper cells, memory CD4+ T cells, and CD8+ T cells, but it is not expressed on B cells or naive CD4+ T cells. TIGIT may be upregulated on naive CD4+ T cells upon activation. TIGIT has been shown to be upregulated on T cells in multiple cancer models. The ligands CD155 and CD112 are also highly expressed on dendritic cells and macrophages in several types of cancer. Additionally, TIGIT expression is highly correlated with the expression of other coinhibitory molecules, including PD-1. In addition to directly inhibiting cytotoxic T-cell activity, TIGIT can foster an immunosuppressive microenvironment through its impact on other immune cells, for example, by binding to CD155 on the surface of dendritic cells or by manipulating NK cell activity. TIGIT inhibiting drugs are currently being developed. Immunohistochemical application of monoclonal antibody TG1 may provide valuable information for clinical research and potential therapeutic interventions specifically targeting the TIGIT-related tumor immunology checkpoint.

Instructions for Use

Immunohistochemical staining of standard formalin-fixed paraffin sections

Deparaffinize and rehydrate according to standard procedures. Heat induced epitope retrieval (HIER) is required. Pretreatment in an autoclave at 121°C (5min) is recommended (Tris-EDTA-citrate, pH 7.8, e.g. TEC-buffer). An automated straining protocol has been established on Leica Bond RX exclusively (see our Tech.Note at www.oncodianova.com). HIER at 98°C for 40min is recommended. For biotin/(strept)avidin-based detection techniques (e.g. Vectastain® Elite® ABC-HRP-kit/AEC) use the antibody at 1:50 dilution. For a polymer-based detection technique (e.g. Dako EnVision[™] detection system, Peroxidase/DAB) use the antibody at 1:100-150 dilution. The antibody stains cell membranes of various lymphocyte subtypes. Weak non-specific nuclear/nucleolar staining may occur in some epithelial tissues (i.e. colon cancer).

Storage and Stability

Store the lyophilized antibody at 2-8°C. For long term storage freeze at -20°C, thus the antibody is stable for at least one year. As reconstituted liquid store at 2-8°C short term (several weeks). Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Safety Notes

The material contains 0.05% sodium azide as preservative. Although the quantity of azide is very small, appropriate care should be taken when handling this material. Avoid skin and eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.



ONCOdianova GmbH URL: Warburgstrasse 45 Email: D-20354 Hamburg Phone: Germany Fax www.oncodianova.com info@oncodianova.com +49 (0)40 - 45067 - 0 +49 (0)40 - 45067 - 490

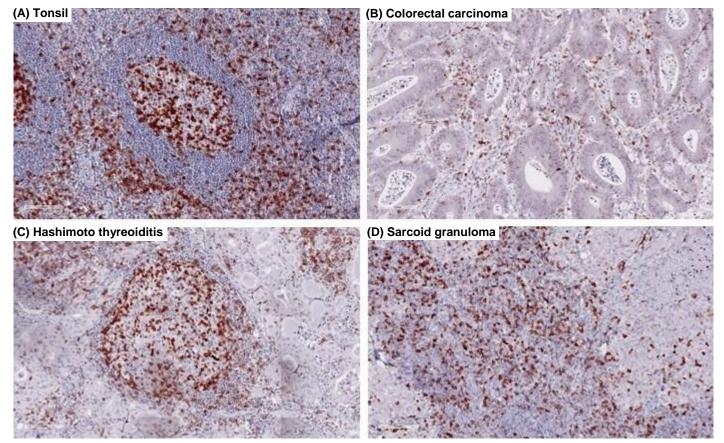




Figures

Immunohistochemistry of human TG1 in routine formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue samples

- A: Normal human tonsil with numerous TIGIT-positive lymphocytes
- B: Tumor infiltrating lymphocytes in colorectal carcinoma
- C: Inflamatory lymphoid infiltrate in Hashimoto thyroiditis
- D: Sarcoid granuloma interspersed with TIGIT-positive lymphocytes



(pictures courtesy of Prof. Guido Sauter, Department of Pathology, University Hospital Eppendorf, Hamburg, Germany)

References for clone TG1

- 1. Blessin NC et al. Patterns of TIGIT expression in normal lymphatic tissue, inflammation and cancer. Disease Markers, Volume 2019, Article ID 5160565, 13 pages, https://doi.org/10.1155/2019/5160565
- 2. Li W et al. Expression of the immune checkpoint receptor TIGIT in Hodgkin's lymphoma. BMC Cancer 2018, 18:1209, https://doi.org/10.1186/s12885-018-5111-1
- 1. Blessin NC et al. Abstract 696: Patterns of TIGIT expression in normal lymphatic tissue, inflammation and cancer. Proceedings: AACR Annual Meeting 2018; April 14-18, 2018; Chicago, IL., DOI: 10.1158/1538-7445.AM2018-696, July 2018
- 2. Simon R et al. Abstract 2142: High variability of TIGIT expression in Hodgkin's lymphoma. Proceedings: AACR Annual Meeting 2018; April 14-18, 2018; Chicago, IL, DOI: 10.1158/1538-7445.AM2018-2142 Published July 2018

General references

- 1. Blake SJ et al. Molecular pathways: targeting CD96 and TIGIT for cancer immunotherapy. Clin Cancer Res. 2016; 22(21): 5183-5188. doi:10.1158/1078-0432.CCR-16-0933.
- 2. Grogan J et al. The immunoreceptor TIGIT regulates anti-tumor immunity. J Immunother Cancer. 2016:4(suppl 1):P209
- 3. Kurtulus S et al. TIGIT predominantly regulates the immune response via regulatory T cells. J Clin Invest. 2015; 125(11): 4053-4062. doi:10.1172/JCl81187
- 4. Pauken KE, Wherry EJ. TIGIT and CD226: tipping the balance between co-stimulatory and coinhibitory molecules to augment the cancer immunotherapy toolkit. Cancer Cell. 2014;26(6):785-787. doi:10.1016/j.ccell.2014.11.016.
- 5. Lozano E et al. The TIGIT/CD226 axis regulates human T cell function. J Immunol. 2012;188(8):3869-3875.
- doi:10.4049/jimmunol.1103627.

For research use only. Not for diagnostic or therapeutic use.

Changes of the original product formulation or composition for commercial use are expressly prohibited.



ONCOdianova GmbH Warburgstrasse 45 D-20354 Hamburg Germany URL:

Fax

Email:

Phone:

www.oncodianova.com info@oncodianova.com +49 (0)40 - 45067 - 0 +49 (0)40 - 45067 - 490

