

# Ep-CAM / CD326 (Epithelial Marker); Clone EGP40/826 (Concentrate)

**Availability/Contents:**

<u>Item #</u>	<u>Volume</u>
RA0199-C.5	0.5 ml

**Description:**

Species: Mouse

Immunogen: Recombinant human TACSTD1 protein

Clone: EGP40/826

Isotype: IgG1, kappa

Entrez Gene ID: 4072 (Human)

Hu Chromosome Loc.: 2p21

Synonyms: Adenocarcinoma-associated Antigen; Cell Surface Glycoprotein Trop-1; EGP2; EGP314; EGP40; Epithelial Cell Adhesion Molecule; Epithelial Glycoprotein 314; ESA; KSA; TACD1; TROP1; Tumor-associated Calcium Signal Transducer 1 (TACSTD1); ECS-1; Epidermal Surface Antigen 1; ESA1; FLOT2; Flotillin-2; Membrane Component, Chromosome 17, Surface Marker-1 (M17S1); REG-1; Reggie-1; Reggie-2

Mol. Weight of Antigen: 40-43kDa

Format: 200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.

Specificity: Recognizes a 40-43kDa transmembrane epithelial glycoprotein, identified as epithelial specific antigen (ESA), or epithelial cellular adhesion molecule (Ep-CAM).

Background: Ep-CAM is expressed on basolateral cell surfaces in most simple epithelia and in a vast majority of carcinomas. This antibody has been used to distinguish adenocarcinoma from pleural mesothelioma and hepatocellular carcinoma. It is also useful in distinguishing serous carcinomas of the ovary from mesothelioma. This epithelial antigen plays an important role as a tumor-cell marker in lymph nodes from patients with esophageal carcinoma otherwise classified as node-negative. This epithelial antigen has also been suggested as a discriminator between basal cell and basosquamous carcinomas, and squamous cell carcinoma of the skin.

Species Reactivity: Human. Others not known.

Positive Control: HT29 cells or breast tumor.

Cellular Localization: Cell surface

Titer/ Working Dilution: Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 0.5-1 µg/ml  
Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1 µg/million cells  
Immunofluorescence: 1-2 µg/ml  
Western Blotting: 0.5-1 µg/ml  
Immunoprecipitation: 1-2 µg/500µg protein lysate


Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.

Storage: 2° C  8° C

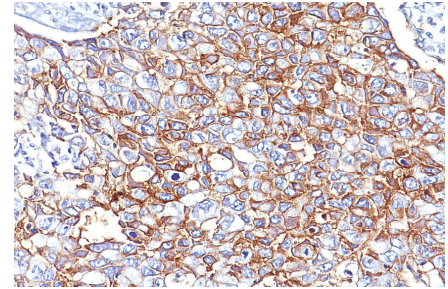


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**Uses/Limitations:** Not to be taken internally.  
 For Research Use Only.  
 This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy.  
 Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy.  
 Do not use past expiration date.  
 Non-Sterile.



**Ordering Information and Current Pricing at [www.scytek.com](http://www.scytek.com)**

Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human breast cancer stained with Ep-CAM; Clone EGP40/826.

**Procedure:**

1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissues requires digestion of tissue sections with Pepsin (Solution) (ScyTek catalog# PSS).
2. **Primary Antibody Incubation Time:** We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the “UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack” (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the “DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)” (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

**Precautions:** Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).  
 Do not pipette by mouth.  
 Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.  
 Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.  
 This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

**References:**

1. Bjork, P., Jonsson, U., Svedberg, H., Larsson, K., Lind, P., Dillner, J., Hedlund, G., Dohlsten, M. and Kalland, T. 1993. Isolation, partial characterization, and molecular cloning of a human colon adenocarcinoma cell-surface glyco- protein recognized by the C215 mouse monoclonal antibody. J. Biol. Chem. 268: 24232-24241.

**Warranty:** No products or “Instructions For Use (IFU)” are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.

Storage: 2° C  8° C



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