



# MAGE-1 (Target for Cancer Immunotherapy); Clone MZ2E/838 (Concentrate)

<b>Availability/Contents:</b>	<u>Item #</u>	<u>Volume</u>
	RA0202-C.5	0.5 ml
<b>Description:</b>		
Species:	Mouse	
Immunogen:	Recombinant human MAGEA1 protein	
Clone:	MZ2E/838	
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa	
Entrez Gene ID:	4100 (Human); 493750 (Rat)	
Hu Chromosome Loc.:	Xq28	
Synonyms:	MZ2 E, cancer/testis antigen 1.1, CT1.1, MAGE1A, MAGEA1, Melanoma antigen family A 1, Melanoma associated antigen 1, Melanoma associated antigen MZ2 E	
Mol. Weight of Antigen:	42-46kDa	
Format:	200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.	
Specificity:	Recognizes a protein of 42-46kDa, identified as MAGE-1. This antibody does not cross-react with MAGE-2, -3, -4, -6 -9, -10, -or -12 proteins.	
Background:	Human malignant neoplasms carry rejection antigens that are recognized by the patients' autologous, tumor directed and specific, cytolytic, CD8+ T-lymphocyte clones (CTL). The MAGE family of genes codes an important group of antigens. It was identified that melanomas and primary glial brain tumors express common melanoma associated antigens (MAAs). Because MAGE-1 is expressed on a significant proportion of human neoplasms of various histological types (melanoma, brain tumors of glial origin, neuroblastoma, non-small cell lung cancer, breast, gastric, colorectal, ovarian, renal cell carcinomas) and not on normal tissues, the encoded antigen may serve as a marker of early detection and target for cancer immunotherapy.	
Species Reactivity:	Human. Others not known.	
Positive Control:	Melanoma cell lines. Melanomas, gliomas, neuroblastoma, non-small cell lung cancer, breast, gastric, colorectal, ovarian, and renal cell carcinomas.	
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic	
Titer/ Working Dilution:	Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 0.5-1 µg/ml	
	Flow Cytometry:	0.5-1 µg/million cells
	Immunofluorescence:	1-2 µg/ml
	Western Blotting:	0.5-1 µg/ml
	Immunoprecipitation:	1-2 µg/500µg protein lysate
Microbiological State:	This product is not sterile.	

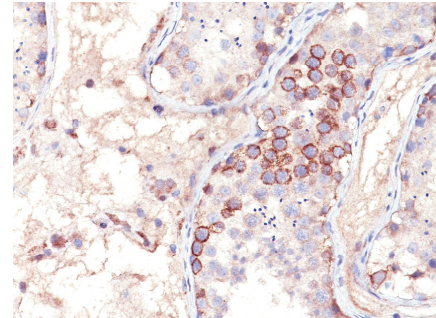
Storage: 2° C  8° C

 ScyTek Laboratories, Inc.  
 205 South 600 West  
 Logan, UT 84321  
 U.S.A.

**CE**

 EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570  
 Molsnstraat 15  
 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands

**Uses/Limitations:** Not to be taken internally.  
 For Research Use Only.  
 This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy.  
 Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy.  
 Do not use past expiration date.  
 Non-Sterile.



**Ordering Information and Current Pricing at [www.scytek.com](http://www.scytek.com)**

Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human testis stained with MAGE-1; Clone MA454.

**Procedure:**

1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
2. **Primary Antibody Incubation Time:** We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the “UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack” (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the “DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)” (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

**Precautions:** Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).  
 Do not pipette by mouth.  
 Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.  
 Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.  
 This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

**References:**

1. Kobayashi, Y., et al. 2000. Expression of MAGE, GAGE and BAGE genes in human liver diseases: utility as molecular markers for hepatocellular carcinoma. J. Hepatol. 32: 612-617.

**Warranty:**

No products or “Instructions For Use (IFU)” are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.

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