

Instructions For Use

RA0242-C.5-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Nov. 18, 2014

Revision: 1

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P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

Nucleolin (Marker of Nucleoli); Clone NCL/902 (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents: <u>Item #</u> <u>Volume</u>
RA0242-C.5 <u>Volume</u>
0.5 ml

Description:

Species: Mouse

Immunogen: Recombinant human nucleolin protein

Clone: NCL/902 Isotype: IgG1, kappa Entrez Gene ID: 4691 (Human)

Hu Chromosome Loc.: 2q37.1

Synonyms: NCL; Nucl; Nucleolin; Protein C23

Mol. Weight of Antigen: 76kDa

Format: 200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS

with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.

Specificity: Recognizes a protein of ~76kDa, which is identified as Nucleolin (NCL). This antibody can be

used to stain the nucleoli in cell or tissue preparations and can be used as a marker of the nucleoli in subcellular fractions. It produces a speckled pattern in the nuclei of normal and malignant cells and may be used to stain the nucleoli of cells in fixed or frozen tissue sections. It can be used with paraformaldehyde-fixed frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin-fixed,

paraffin-embedded tissue sections.

Background: Nucleolin is the major nucleolar phosphoprotein of growing eukaryotic cells. Nucleolin is located

mainly in dense fibrillar regions of the nucleolus. It is found associated with intranucleolar chromatin and pre-ribosomal particles. The human NCL gene consists of 14 exons with 13 introns and spans approximately 11kb. Nucleolin induces chromatin decondensation by binding to histone H1. It is thought to play a role in pre-rRNA transcription and ribosome assembly.

Species Reactivity: Human. Does not react with Mouse, Rat and Cow. Others not known.

Positive Control: HeLa cells, breast cancer.

Cellular Localization: Nucleoli

Titer/ Working Dilution: Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 1-2 µg/ml

Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1 µg/million cells

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Immunofluorescence: & 0.5-1 $\mu g/m I$ \\ Western Blotting: & 0.5-1 $\mu g/m I$ \\ \end{tabular}$

Immunoprecipitation: 0.5-1 µg/500µg protein lysate

Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.

Storage: 2° C 8° C

ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A. CE

EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands



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Uses/Limitations: Not to be taken internally.

For Research Use Only.

This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded

tissue sections, to be viewed by light

microscopy.

Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date.

Non-Sterile.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com

Procedure:

- Tissue Section Pretreatment (Highly Recommended): Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature.
 However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

Precautions: Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

Do not pipette by mouth.

Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.

This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200,

OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

References:

- 1. Fujiki H, Watanabe T, Suganuma M. Cell-surface nucleolin acts as a central mediator for carcinogenic, anti-carcinogenic, and disease-related ligands. J Cancer Res Clin Oncol. 2014;140(5):689-99.
- 2. Qiu W, Zhou F, Zhang Q, Sun X, Shi X, Liang Y, Wang X, Yue L. Overexpression of nucleolin and different expression sites both related to the prognosis of gastric cancer. APMIS. 2013;121(10):919-25.

Warranty:

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Storage: 2° C

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