



pS2 / pNR-2 / Trefoil Factor 1 (Estrogen-Regulated Protein); Clone GE2 (R47/94) (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents:	<u>Item #</u>	<u>Volume</u>
	RA0300-C.5	0.5 ml
Description:		
Species:	Mouse	
Immunogen:	Synthetic peptide of 28 amino acid residues corresponding to CFDDTVRGVPWCFYPNTIDV PPEEECEF (aa 57-84) from the C-terminus of human pS2.	
Clone:	GE2; same as R47/94	
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa	
Entrez Gene ID:	7031 (Human)	
Hu Chromosome Loc.:	16p11.2	
Synonyms:	BCEI, Breast Cancer Estrogen Inducible Protein, Gastrointestinal Trefoil Protein, Gastrointestinal trefoil protein pS2, HP1A, HPS2, pNR2, TFF1, Trefoil Factor 1	
Mol. Weight of Antigen:	6.5kDa	
Format:	200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.	
Specificity:	This antibody recognizes a polypeptide of 6.5kDa, identified as pS2 estrogen-regulated protein. Its epitope is localized between aa 57-84 of human pS2 protein.	
Background:	pS2 is a trefoil peptide. Trefoil peptides are protease resistant molecules secreted throughout the gut that play a role in mucosal healing. These peptides contain three intra-chain disulfide bonds, forming the trefoil motif, or P-domain. pS2 is known to form dimers and this dimerization is thought to play a role in its protective and healing properties. About 60% of breast carcinomas are positive for pS2. Staining is cytoplasmic, often with localization to the Golgi apparatus. pS2 is shown to be localized in normal stomach mucosa, gastric fluid, goblet cells in the colon and small intestine, and in ulcerations of the gastrointestinal tract. Several studies have shown that pS2 is primarily expressed in estrogen receptor-positive breast tumors and it may define a subset of estrogen-dependent tumors that displays an increased likelihood of response to endocrine therapy.	
Species Reactivity:	Human and Cynomolgus Monkey. Others not known.	
Positive Control:	Spent medium of MCF-7 cells, treated with estrogen. Normal stomach. About 60% of breast carcinomas are positive for pS2, especially those that are also positive for estrogen and/or progesterone receptor.	
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic	
Titer/ Working Dilution:	Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 0.5-1 µg/ml Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1 µg/million cells Immunofluorescence: 0.5-1 µg/ml Western Blotting: 0.5-1 µg/ml Immunoprecipitation: 0.5-1 µg/500µg protein lysate	
Microbiological State:	This product is not sterile.	

 Storage: 2° C  8° C


 ScyTek Laboratories, Inc.
 205 South 600 West
 Logan, UT 84321
 U.S.A.



 EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570
 Molsnstraat 15
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Uses/Limitations: Not to be taken internally.
For Research Use Only.
This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy.
Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy.
Do not use past expiration date.
Non-Sterile.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com

Procedure:

1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections requires digestion with Pronase E (1 mg/ml in PBS, 15 minutes at 37°C). Note that Heat Induced Epitope Retrieval is not suitable for this antibody.
2. **Primary Antibody Incubation Time:** We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the “UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack” (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the “DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)” (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).


Precautions: Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).
Do not pipette by mouth.
Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.
Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.
This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.


References:

1. Williams R, *et. al.* Human Pathology, 1996, 27(12):1259-66.

Warranty:


No products or “Instructions For Use (IFU)” are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.

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