

Instructions For Use

RA0415-C.5-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Jan. 13, 2015

Revision: 1

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P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

PNL2 (Melanoma Associated Antigen); Clone PNL2

(Concentrate)

Availability/Contents:

Item # RA0415-C.5 Volume 0.5 ml

Description:

Species: Mouse

Immunogen: Melanocyte antigen

Clone: PNL2
Isotype: IgG1
Entrez Gene ID: Not Known
Hu Chromosome Loc.: Not Known

Synonyms: Human Melanoma Associated Antigen; PNL2 Mol. Weight of Antigen: Multiple (160kDa, 100kDa and <10kDa)

Format: 200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS

with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.

Specificity: Anti-PNL2 is a novel monoclonal antibody which has recently been introduced as an

immunohistochemical reagent to stain melanocytes and tumors derived therefrom. The antigen

recognized by PNL2 is different from Melan A and gp100. Its epitope is not destroyed by

digestion with neuraminidase, i.e., its epitope is not glycosylated.

Background: Anti-PNL2 may be most useful because of its high sensitivity for metastatic melanoma (87%),

as opposed to 76% for anti-HMB45 and 82% for anti-MART-1. Anti-PNL2 labels intraepidermal nevi while the dermal component of compound nevi are largely non-reactive with anti-PNL2. Antibodies against PNL2, MART-1 (Melan A), and HMB45 stain most clear-cell sarcoma cells and a few cells in angiomyolipomas and lymphangioleiomyomatosis. Anti-PNL2 is a useful antibody for the identification of melanomas and clear-cell sarcomas. Differential diagnosis is aided by the results from a panel of antibodies, including antibodies against HMB45, MART-1,

tyrosinase, and MiTF.

Species Reactivity: Human, Mouse and Dog. Others not known.

Positive Control: Melanoma Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Titer/ Working Dilution: Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 0.5-1 µg/ml

Immunofluorescence: 0.5-1 μg/ml Western Blotting: 0.5-1 μg/ml

Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.

Storage: 2° C 8° C

ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A.

CE

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Uses/Limitations: Not to be taken internally.

For Research Use Only.

This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded

tissue sections, to be viewed by light

microscopy.

Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy.

Do not use past expiration date. Non-Sterile.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com

Procedure:

- Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required): Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature.
 However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

Precautions: Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

Do not pipette by mouth.

Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.

This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200,

OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

References:

- 1. Rochaix, P et al. PNL2, a New Monoclonal Antibody Directed against a Fixative-Resistant Melanocyte Antigen. Mod Pathol 2003;16(5):481-490
- J. A. Ramos-Vara and M. A. Miller. Immunohistochemical Identification of Canine Melanocytic Neoplasms With Antibodies to Melanocytic Antigen PNL2 and Tyrosinase: Comparison With Melan A. Veterinary Pathology OnlineFirst, published on September 21, 2010 as doi:10.1177/0300985810382095.

Warranty:

No products or "Instructions For Use (IFU)" are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.

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