

# MAGE-1 (Target for Cancer Immunotherapy); Clone SPM282 (Concentrate)


<b>Availability/Contents:</b>	<u>Item #</u>	<u>Volume</u>
	RA0576-C.1	0.1 ml
	RA0576-C.5	0.5 ml
	RA0576-C1	1 ml

**Description:**

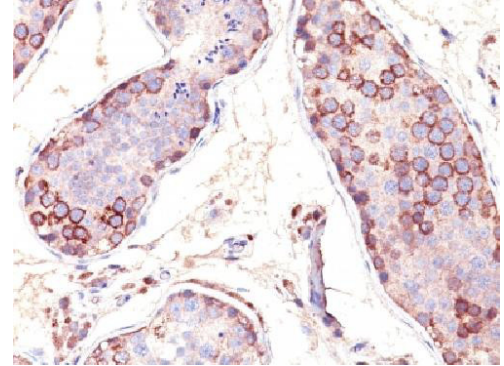
Species:	Mouse.
Immunogen:	Human MAGE-A1 full length recombinant protein.
Clone:	SPM282.
Isotype:	IgG1, kappa.
Entrez Gene ID:	4100.
Hu Chromosome Loc.:	Xq28.
Synonyms:	MZ2 E, cancer/testis antigen 1.1, CT1.1, MAGE1A, MAGEA1, Melanoma antigen family A 1, Melanoma associated antigen 1, Melanoma associated antigen MZ2 E.
Mol. Weight of Antigen:	42-46kDa.
Format:	200ug/ml of antibody purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.
Specificity:	Recognizes a protein of 42-46kDa, identified as MAGE-1. This monoclonal antibody does not cross-react with MAGE-2, -3, -4, -6 -9, -10, -or -12 protein.
Background:	Human malignant neoplasms carry rejection antigens that are recognized by the patients' autologous, tumor directed and specific, cytolytic, CD8+ T lymphocyte clones (CTL). The MAGE family of genes codes an important group of antigens. It was identified that melanomas and primary glial brain tumors express common melanoma associated antigens (MAAs). Because MAGE-1 is expressed on a significant proportion of human neoplasms of various histological types (melanoma, brain tumors of glial origin, neuroblastoma, non-small cell lung cancer, breast, gastric, colorectal, ovarian, renal cell carcinomas) and not on normal tissues, the encoded antigen may serve as a marker of early detection and target for cancer immunotherapy.
Species Reactivity:	Reacts with human, rat, and dog. Others not known.
Positive Control:	Melanoma cell lines. Melanomas, gliomas, neuroblastoma, non-small cell lung cancer, breast, gastric, colorectal, ovarian, and renal cell carcinomas.
Cellular Localization:	Cytoplasmic.
Titer/ Working Dilution:	Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-Fixed): 0.5-1 µg/ml Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1 µg/million cells Immunofluorescence: 1-2 µg/ml
Microbiological State:	This product is not sterile.

Storage: 2° C  8° C

 ScyTek Laboratories, Inc.  
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 Emergo Europe  
 Prinsessegracht 20  
 2514 AP The Hague, The Netherlands

**Uses/Limitations:** Not to be taken internally.  
For Research Use Only.  
This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy.  
Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy.  
Do not use past expiration date.  
Non-Sterile.



FFPE human Testis stained with MAGE-1;  
Clone SPM282.

**Ordering Information and Current Pricing at [www.scytek.com](http://www.scytek.com)**

**Procedure:**

- Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Tris-EDTA HIER Solution (10x) pH 9.0 (ScyTek catalog# TES500) for 5-10 minutes at >95°C followed by cooling to room temperature for 20 minutes.
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time:** We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature. However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the “CRF Anti-Polyvalent HRP Polymer (DAB) Lab Pack” (ScyTek catalog# CPP125, see IFU for instructions), combined with the “DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)” (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

**Precautions:** Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).  
Do not pipette by mouth.  
Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.  
Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.  
This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200, OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.


**References:**

- Qian, X et al. 2008. Mol Oncol. 2: 81-93.

**Warranty:**

No products or “Instructions For Use (IFU)” are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.

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